

## WILL NOT WAIT.

Porto Rico Will Be Captured Before Peace Negotiations Are Really Begun.

### REINFORCEMENTS FOR MILES LEAVING.

The President's Response to Spain's Opening Overture May Be Sent On Saturday.

This Government Positively Received No Overtures for Peace Before Last Tuesday—All Talk About Bad Faith by Our Government Not True.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Porto Rico will be taken before peace negotiations are really begun. Gen. Brooke and his army sailed Thursday. A second expedition has already reinforced Gen. Miles. Troops are ready to sail from Tampa and the three Ohio regiments, 1st, 3d and 5th, also at that place, will embark this week.

As for peace, every one is waiting upon the president. He spent some time Wednesday night talking with cabinet officers and public men, but he still is silent as to his intent. One thing is certain and that is his answer, when it is given to Spain, will be an ultimatum.

The administration is adverse to discussing a settlement through a third party and after the president has given his answer through the French ambassador, he will expect Spain to take up the matter. France may be all right now, but her sympathies have been with Spain and we want no further misunderstanding. We have ambassadors at London and Paris and so has Spain and it is thought that the preliminaries will be entrusted to one of these after the answer of the president is made. It is expected that when the cabinet considers the question with formal care, as will be the case Friday, the interchange of views will show considerable divergence, but no difficulty is anticipated in arriving at a unanimous conclusion before an adjournment is taken. According to the present programme the reply will be placed in the hands of the French ambassador on Saturday. It can be stated, however, that the cabinet is not yet a unit upon details of the proposed reply. The sentiment among the president's advisers ranges from a demand for all the territory upon which the American flag has been raised, with a coal station in the Canaries and a war indemnity, to the most moderate terms which can be suggested with honor and dignity. Whether the president will offer Spain definite terms is still unsettled. The ultimatum may take the form of demanding from Spain her views before we go further. A rumor says that Spain wants hostilities stopped on Sunday.

The president has already given his answer to this by ordering the sailing of Gen. Brooke and advising Gen. Miles to move on to Ponce and San Juan without loss of time. It is said on the other hand, that by offering to Spain definite terms upon which peace can be negotiated this government will throw upon the Spanish authorities the responsibility of a refusal or an acceptance. If the request of Spain for some suggestions should be met by a counter proposal, as to what concessions would be acceptable, the door would be opened for a lengthy and indecisive correspondence. This, of course, the president desires to avoid.

Neither is there any intention of naming immoderate and even impossible terms, with a view of yielding as the negotiations proceed. It is the president's present purpose to submit to Spain the very lowest conditions upon which the United States will agree to peace, and from this ultimatum there will be no deviation. The American conduct of the case will be frank and open, with no attempt at disguise or subterfuge.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—It can be stated on the authority of the state department and the foreign embassies here that there were no overtures in behalf of Spain for peace or a cessation of hostilities until the French ambassador last Tuesday afternoon presented his note to the president. This statement is made with full knowledge of European denials and must be accepted as that of the government of the United States. Therefore, all of the talk about bad faith shown by our government in pressing the Porto Rican campaign during the last few days is absolutely without foundation, and our government has done nothing that can subject it to criticism on this score.

In addition to the representatives of the United States government the persons qualified to speak for the government of Spain in this country make an exactly similar statement, and the alleged charges of bad faith against the United States attributed to Premier Sagasta, are discredited as inventions designed to prejudice the successful progress of the present peace movement. It could not be contemplated for a moment that any mere personal exchange of views between persons in Europe could be construed as an overture for peace, and although there may

have been some of this "backdoor gossip" as it is denominated at the state department, it can be again affirmed that the United States government has not been a party to it. Moreover, so far as Ambassador Cambon is concerned, it can be stated positively that he made no overture, direct or indirect, official or unofficial, relating to peace or to any phase of peace, prior to 3 o'clock last Tuesday afternoon.

MADRID, July 29.—At the close of the cabinet council Thursday the following semi-official note was issued:

"The French ambassador at Washington, during the afternoon of the 26th, presented, in behalf of the Spanish government, a message to President McKinley with the view of bringing the war to an end and made known the conditions of peace. The government has received information that the message has been handed to President McKinley, who replied that he would consult with his council of ministers and requested M. Cambon to come to the white house again to confer with him."

The Spanish officials declare that the published extracts from the note are incorrect.

### OUR PEACE TERMS.

Spain's Reply Must Be Prompt and Decisive—Greatest International Deal Since 1870.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Officials of the administration are preparing with energy for what will be the greatest international deal since Germany and France made terms in 1870. They are adopting safeguards against Spanish trickery and fortifying themselves to resist European interference. They are also carefully formulating the demands to be made upon Spain. A programme prepared by the state department and devised by the president is to be submitted to the cabinet Friday. Unless present plans shall be changed, Ambassador Cambon will be given the answer to the Spanish note on Friday afternoon or Saturday. The proposals may cause delay. There is a strong sentiment in administration circles in favor of disregarding diplomatic red tape and making a blunt proposition that Spain will be required to accept or reject without delay.



FRANCISCO SILVELA.  
(The Man Who May Save Spain from Complete Ruin.)

### Italians Will Shell Cartagena.

COLON, Colombia, July 29.—The position of the Corruiti matter is now extremely serious. Three Italian war ships are in front of Cartagena, one is here and another is lying at Buena Ventura. The Italian minister at Bogota is here on board the steamer Atarom, en route to Europe. The Italian admiral has received orders to bombard Cartagena. Great Britain and the United States are interfering and the admiral, having represented the situation to his government, is now awaiting final instructions.

### Fighting Reported.

MADRID, July 29.—An official dispatch from Porto Rico says: "On Tuesday the Americans advanced in the direction of Yagueo; fighting most of the way. Seven hundred Spanish regulars and volunteers encountered them and an engagement ensued, which lasted the whole night and only ceased with dawn on the following day. The Americans were obliged to withdraw to the coast."

### Think the Death Rate Will Be Small.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The report of Gen. Shafter showing that there was a total of 3,770 cases of sickness in the army in Cuba has given the officials of the war department considerable concern, but the reports heretofore made that the yellow fever cases were of a mild type encourages the hope that the death rate will be small.

### Spanish Prisoners Paid Off.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., July 29.—The Spanish prisoners confined at Seavey's island were paid off by the Spanish government Thursday, the money being received from Adm. Cervera at Annapolis, the men receiving from \$4 to \$10 each in American currency.

### Listless Indifference in Spain.

LONDON, July 29.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "However unpalatable the terms of peace may be, they will not provoke the slightest disturbance in Spain, where listless indifference is predominant."

### To Move Shafter's Army.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Secretary Alger has given orders for the removal of all of Gen. Shafter's army as soon as the men, in the discretion of the commanding officer, may be safely brought back to a camp on Montauk Point, L. I.

## FIRST ARMY CORPS

Second Brigade, Under Gen. Haines, Sailed for Porto Rico Thursday Afternoon.

### THE FOURTH OHIO WAS LEFT BEHIND.

They Are on the Auxiliary Cruiser St. Paul, and May Leave Old Point Friday Morning.

The Transports That Got Off Are the City of Washington, Massachusetts, Seneca, Roumanian and Cruiser St. Louis—Gen. Brooke is on the St. Louis.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 29.—With the exception of the 4th Ohio regiment the 2d brigade of the 1st army corps, in command of Brig. Gen. Haines, sailed for Porto Rico Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Gen. Haines and his staff and the 4th Ohio regiment are on the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul, and it is not likely that this ship will leave Old Point before daybreak Friday, as there is yet a large quantity of supplies to be loaded. The transports that got off are the City of Washington, Massachusetts, Seneca and Roumanian and the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis. The expedition was divided as follows:

Massachusetts, ambulance, signal corps, headquarters corps, troops A and C, New York cavalry, and the city troop of Philadelphia, including 805 men, 33 officers, 454 horses, 436 mules, besides the wagons.

St. Louis, 3d Illinois regiment, Col. Bennett and staff.

Roumanian, four batteries of light artillery, A of Missouri, A of Illinois, B of Pennsylvania, and the 27th Indiana battery. On this transport there are 19 officers, 700 men, 319 horses and 73 mules.

City of Washington, a detachment of the 4th Pennsylvania regiment of 23 officers and 612 men.

Seneca, a detachment of the 4th Pennsylvania, consisting of 24 officers and 611 men.

Gen. Brooke, commanding the 1st army corps, and his staff, took passage on the St. Louis.

Batteries A and C, of Pennsylvania, and two troops of cavalry from the same state, did not go with this expedition, but expect to sail with Gen. Grant's brigade next week.

The 1st Kentucky regiment, vanguard of the 3d brigade, 1st division, 1st army corps, in command of Gen. Fred Grant, which is to make up the second Porto Rican expedition, arrived here from Chickamauga Thursday and is now in camp.

Gen. Grant arrived on the last train traveling in a private car with his staff.

The 3d battalion of the 16th Pennsylvania arrived late Thursday evening and will be followed by the 3d Kentucky and the 16th Indiana.



GEN. JAMES H. WILSON.  
(He May Be Appointed Military Governor of All Cuba.)

### YELLOW FEVER.

Total Number of Sick at Santiago, 4,122; Total Number Yellow Fever, 3,105; New Cases of Fever, 822.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The war department Thursday night posted the following:

Adjutant General of the Army: Condition for the 27th: Total sick, 4,122; total fever, 3,103; new cases fever, 822; cases fever returned to duty, 542.

Deaths—Private J. H. Farrell, Company H, 9th Massachusetts volunteers at Siboney, yellow fever.

Corp. Thomas Rolson, Company D, 24th infantry, Siboney, yellow fever.

Private William H. Byers, Company D, 17th infantry, cerebral apoplexy. (Signed)

SHAFER, Major General.

### Lost in the Woods.

ESCANABA, Mich., July 29.—Four Sisters of Charity of the Delta county hospital are lost in the dense woods east of Maywood, eight miles north. The sisters were to pick berries and up to a late hour Thursday night a searching party had failed to locate them.

### Stopped by an American Cruiser.

LONDON, July 29.—The Daily Mail understands that the British transport Julunga, carrying grenadiers to Gibraltar, was stopped in the Bay of Biscay by an American cruiser.

### Hobson Will See His Mother Monday.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 29.—Lieut. Hobson has wired his mother, who is at Lithia Springs, near Atlanta, that he will see her Monday next.

## BASEBALL.

The Winners Yesterday Were as Follows: Cincinnati, Boston, Louisville and Philadelphia.

Innings: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R.H.E.  
Cincinnati.....0 2 0 0 3 1 0 1—7 11 2  
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 9 2  
Batteries—Hawley and Piets; Kennedy and Grim. Umpires—Emsie and Hunt.

Innings: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R.H.E.  
Pittsburgh.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 8 2  
Philadelphia.....1 0 0 0 0 2 3 1—7 11 1  
Batteries—Rhines and Bowerman; Platt and McFarland. Umpires—Swartwood and Warner.

Innings: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R.H.E.  
St. Louis.....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2 7 1  
Boston.....2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—5 11 2  
Batteries—Hughes and Clements; Nichols and Bergen. Umpires—O'Day and McDonald.

Innings: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R.H.E.  
Louisville.....4 0 0 0 0 0—10 6 9 2  
New York.....1 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—4 6 2  
Batteries—Cunningham and Kirtledge; Rusie and Warner. Umpires—Gaffney and Brown.

### Manila Surrenders to Adm. Dewey.

LONDON, July 29.—A Madrid telegram to the New York Herald says the government has received a telegram announcing the surrender of Manila to Adm. Dewey.



M. JULES CAMBON.

### HEAVY HAIL STORM.

Much Damage Wrought to Property in Chicago—Rain in Torrents Fell For An Hour.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Thousands of window panes were broken during a heavy hail storm in this city Thursday. Rain which fell in torrents for an hour after the hailstones had done their work, did great damage to the interiors of apartment buildings and school houses. Most of the damage to windows and skylights occurred on the north and west sides where the north winds of nearly every prominent building were broken.

Horses pelted by the rain ran away in every direction but no person was seriously injured.

The shrubbery in Lincoln and Washington parks was cut up and the greenhouses were badly damaged. Buildings in the downtown district had some glass broken in the upper stories.

In the suburbs trolley wires were down in many places and the streets were made impassable by backwater from the sewers. Many horses were killed by contact with live trolley and electric light wires.

The temperature, which has been hovering around 90 for several days, dropped to 68 after the storm.

### CRISTOBAL COLON.

All the Pontoons in the Country to Be Purchased for the Purpose of Lifting the Spanish Cruiser.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Lieut. Hobson called at the navy department Thursday to see Assistant Secretary Allen in connection with the prosecution of the work of raising the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon. Mr. Allen immediately called a meeting of the naval board composed of himself, Capt. Bradford and Constructor Gilmore to go over the propositions that Mr. Hobson brought with him from the wrecker at New York and more than an hour was spent in this way. Mr. Hobson's recommendation in brief is the purchase of all the pontoons to be had in this country, some six in number, and an expenditure of \$20,000 for air bags to assist in lifting the ship.

### Seaman Buried.

PLAYA DEL ESTE, Guantánamo Bay, July 29.—The body of Carl J. Anderson, seaman of the United States cruiser Brooklyn, was buried ashore here Thursday morning. Anderson was killed by the accidental discharge of a Spanish one-pound shell, smuggled from one of the destroyed Spanish cruisers against the orders of Capt. Cook.

### Supplies for the Army.

TAMPA, Fla., July 29.—The transport Michigan, sister ship to the Mississippi and Mohawk, arrived at Port Tampa Thursday and commenced loading for Santiago. This is a refrigerator ship and she will take a large cargo of fresh meat as well as other supplies to the army.

### Favor Annexation.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 29.—Atlanta harbors many Cuban refugees and nearly all of them favor annexing the island to the United States. Many of them were banished from the island a year ago by the Spaniards and they confidently expect to return soon.

Probability of an International Question.

LONDON, July 29.—The Daily Graphic Thursday morning points out that there is a probability of an international question arising over the difficulty of dealing with the Cuban debt, since a majority of the Spanish bondholders are Frenchmen.

## INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

The United States monitor Terror, which arrived at St. Thomas, D. W. I., Wednesday for the purpose of coaling, left Thursday night.

The president has appointed Capt. Thaddeus W. Jones, of the 10th cavalry to the vacant colonelcy in the 10th volunteer infantry (immunes).

The steamer Portland, from St. Michael, arrived at San Francisco Thursday evening, bringing seven returning miners and a quantity of gold dust.

A step taken by the post office department indicates that the Spanish prisoners at Annapolis possibly may be permitted to communicate with their friends in Spain.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. has been awarded the contract by the navy department at Washington to make all movements of seamen, naval recruits, marines and their accoutrements throughout the United States for the year ending June 30, 1899.

Von Veltheim, who shot and killed Wolf Joel, the trustee of the estate of the late Barney Barnato, the South African millionaire, on March 14 last, was Thursday acquitted of the charge of murder. The announcement of the verdict of acquittal was greeted with loud cheers.

Gen. Merritt has reached Manila, according to the most conservative estimate of the war department authorities, and the announcement is momentarily expected from Hong Kong that he has assumed the military governorship of the Philippines, as directed by the president.

According to a dispatch from Berlin a newspaper there professes to know that the Porto Rican colonial legislature has adopted autonomy and has resolved to protest against American occupation of the island as a violation of the principles the United States went to war to enforce.

The 3d battalion of the South Dakota volunteers, the 13th Minnesota recruits and 155 of the 1st Colorado recruits broke camp at San Francisco Thursday and marched on board the transport steamer St. Paul, which pulled out into the stream late in the afternoon. The vessel sailed Friday.

The body of Lieut. G. L. Snead, of the First Louisiana, who died in Miami, Fla., of typhoid reached New Orleans Thursday morning and was met at the train by a large body of citizens and members of the press. Lieut. Snead was assistant city editor of the Times Democrat and one of the best known newspaper men in this section.

The 140th Indiana infantry broke camp at Chickamauga at an early hour Thursday and marched five miles to Rossville, Ga., where Southern railway trains were boarded for Newport News. This regiment goes to Newport News, thence to Porto Rico, in place of the 5th Illinois, which was ordered back to camp after it had half finished loading for departure.

The government of Hayti has declined to permit this government to establish a weather station on its domain. Its action for this was a request for this privilege made by the secretary of state at the instance of the secretary of agriculture with an express explanation of the purposes sought and that the Haytian government would thus get the benefit of our weather service.

The San Francisco Evening Post, in an article published Thursday, says that the United States will soon be connected by cable with her newly acquired Pacific possessions and the cable will connect the United States from this city with Hawaii, the Ladrones, the Philippines and Hong Kong. The paper says that most of the surveys have been made. The contract for the laying of the cable has already been let.

### Postmaster at St. Louis.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The president Thursday appointed Frederick W. Baumhoff postmaster at St. Louis.

## THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, July 29.  
FLOUR—Spring patent, \$4.75; 35 lb. spring family, \$4.35; 35 lb. winter patent, \$4.30; 35 lb. family, \$4.25; 35 lb. extra, \$4.20; 35 lb. low grade, \$4.15; 35 lb. northwestern, \$4.10; 35 lb. city, \$4.05.

WHEAT—Sales: Sample red, falling, 65c; do track, 57c; No. 2 red, track, 65c.  
COAL—Sales: White, mixed, track, 30c; No. 2 mixed, to arrive, 30c; yellow oak, track, 30c.

OATS—Sales: No. 4 mixed (new), track, 24c; No. 2 mixed (new), track, 24c; do (switching), 23c; do (old) track, 27c.  
HOGS—Select, shippers, \$3.90; select butchers, \$3.85; fair to good packers, \$3.80; fair to good light, \$3.75; common and roughs, \$3.70.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, \$4.35; good to choice butchers, \$4.25; fair to medium butchers, \$4.20; common, \$4.15.

SHEEP—Extras, \$3.00; good to choice, \$2.95; common to fair, \$2.90; 4-7s, \$2.85; 6-8s, \$2.80; 8-9s, \$2.75; 10-11s, \$2.70; 12-13s, \$2.65; 14-15s, \$2.60; 16-17s, \$2.55; 18-19s, \$2.50; 20-21s, \$2.45; 22-23s, \$2.40; 24-25s, \$2.35; 26-27s, \$2.30; 28-29s, \$2.25; 30-31s, \$2.20; 32-33s, \$2.15; 34-35s, \$2.10; 36-37s, \$2.05; 38-39s, \$2.00; 40-41s, \$1.95; 42-43s, \$1.90; 44-45s, \$1.85; 46-47s, \$1.80; 48-49s, \$1.75; 50-51s, \$1.70; 52-53s, \$1.65; 54-55s, \$1.60; 56-57s, \$1.55; 58-59s, \$1.50; 60-61s, \$1.45; 62-63s, \$1.40; 64-65s, \$1.35; 66-67s, \$1.30; 68-69s, \$1.25; 70-71s, \$1.20; 72-73s, \$1.15; 74-75s, \$1.10; 76-77s, \$1.05; 78-79s, \$1.00; 80-81s, \$0.95; 82-83s, \$0.90; 84-85s, \$0.85; 86-87s, \$0.80; 88-89s, \$0.75; 90-91s, \$0.70; 92-93s, \$0.65; 94-95s, \$0.60; 96-97s, \$0.55; 98-99s, \$0.50; 100-101s, \$0.45; 102-103s, \$0.40; 104-105s, \$0.35; 106-107s, \$0.30; 108-109s, \$0.25; 110-111s, \$0.20; 112-113s, \$0.15; 114-115s, \$0.10; 116-117s, \$0.05; 118-119s, \$0.00; 120-121s, \$0.00; 122-123s, \$0.00; 124-125s, \$0.00; 126-127s, \$0.00; 128-129s, \$0.00; 130-131s, \$0.00; 132-133s, \$0.00; 134-135s, \$0.00; 136-137s, \$0.00; 138-139s, \$0.00; 140-141s, \$0.00; 142-143s, \$0.00; 144-145s, \$0.00; 146-147s, \$0.00; 148-149s, \$0.00; 150-151s, \$0.00; 152-153s, \$0.00; 154-155s, \$0.00; 156-157s, \$0.00; 158-159s, \$0.00; 160-161s, \$0.00; 162-163s, \$0.00; 164-165s, \$0.00; 166-167s, \$0.00; 168-169s, \$0.00; 170-171s, \$0.00; 172-173s, \$0.00; 174-175s, \$0.00; 176-177s, \$0.00; 178-179s, \$0.00; 180-181s, \$0.00; 182-183s, \$0.00; 184-185s, \$0.00; 186-187s, \$0.00; 188-189s, \$0.00; 190-191s, \$0.00; 192-193s, \$0.00; 194-195s, \$0.00; 196-197s, \$0.00; 198-199s, \$0.00; 200-201s, \$0.00; 202-203s, \$0.00; 204-205s, \$0.00; 206-207s, \$0.00; 208-209s, \$0.00; 210-211s, \$0.00; 212-213s, \$0.00; 214-215s, \$0.00; 216-217s, \$0.00; 218-219s, \$0.00; 220-221s, \$0.00; 222-223s, \$0.00; 224-225s, \$0.00; 226-227s, \$0.00; 228-229s, \$0.00; 230-231s, \$0.00; 232-233s, \$0.00; 234-235s, \$0.00; 236-237s, \$0.00; 238-239s, \$0.00; 240-241s, \$0.00; 242-243s, \$0.00; 244-245s, \$0.00; 246-247s, \$0.00; 248-249s, \$0.00; 250-251s, \$0.00; 252-253s, \$0.00; 254-255s, \$0.00; 256-257s, \$0.00; 258-259s, \$0.00; 260-261s, \$0.00; 262-263s, \$0.00; 264-265s, \$0.00; 266-267s, \$0.00; 268-269s, \$0.00; 270-271s, \$0.00; 272-273s, \$0.00; 274-275s, \$0.00; 276-277s, \$0.00; 278-279s, \$0.00; 280-281s, \$0.00; 282-283s, \$0.00; 284-285s, \$0.00; 286-287s, \$0.00; 288-289s, \$0.00; 290-291s, \$0.00; 292-293s, \$0.00; 294-295s, \$0.00; 296-297s, \$0.00; 298-299s, \$0.00; 300-301s, \$0.00; 302-303s, \$0.00; 304-305s, \$0.00; 306-307s, \$0.00; 308-309s, \$0.00; 310-311s, \$0.00; 312-313s, \$0.00; 314-315s, \$0.00; 316-317s, \$0.00; 318-319s, \$0.00; 320-321s, \$0.00; 322-323s, \$0.00; 324-325s, \$0.00; 326-327s, \$0.00; 328-329s, \$0.00; 330-331s, \$0.00; 332-333s, \$0.00; 334-335s, \$0.00; 336-337s, \$0.00; 338-339s, \$0.00; 340-341s, \$0.00; 342-343s, \$0.00; 344-345s, \$0.00; 346-347s, \$0.00; 348-349s, \$0.00; 350-351s, \$0.00; 352-353s, \$0.00; 354-355s, \$0.00; 356-357s, \$0.00; 358-359s, \$0.00; 360-361s, \$0.00; 362-363s, \$0.00; 364-365s, \$0.00; 366-367s, \$0.00; 368-369s, \$0.00; 370-371s, \$0.00; 372-373s, \$0.00; 374-375s, \$0.00; 376-377s, \$0.00; 378-379s, \$0.00; 380-381s, \$0.00; 382-383s, \$0.00; 384-385s, \$0.00; 386-387s, \$0.00; 388-389s, \$0.00; 390-391s, \$0.00; 392-393s, \$0.00; 394-395s, \$0.00; 396-397s, \$0.00; 398-399s, \$0.00; 400-401s, \$0.00; 402-403s, \$0.00; 404-405s, \$0.00; 406-407s, \$0.00; 408-409s, \$0.00; 410-411s, \$0.00; 412-413s, \$0.00; 414-415s, \$0.00; 416-417s, \$0.00; 418-419s, \$0.00; 420-421s, \$0.00; 422-423s, \$0.00; 424-425s, \$0.00; 426-427s, \$0.00; 428-429s, \$0.00; 430-431s, \$0.00; 432-433s, \$0.00; 434-435s, \$0.00; 436-437s, \$0.00; 438-439s, \$0.00; 440-441s, \$0.00; 442-443s, \$0.00; 444-445s, \$0.00; 446-447s, \$0.00; 448-449s, \$0.00; 450-451s, \$0.00; 452-453s, \$0.00; 454-455s, \$0.00; 456-457s, \$0.00; 458-459s, \$0.00; 460-461s, \$0.00; 462-463